

This Company's system of submarine telegraph cables is the most direct and quickest means of communication from Egypt to Europe, North and South America, East, South and West Africa, India, Australia, New Zealand, China and Japan.

To secure quick transmission, telegrams should be marked **VIA EASTERN**.

For latest average time to London, see daily bulletin in this paper.

STATIONS IN EGYPT: Alexandria, Cairo, Suez, Port-Tewfik, Port-Said, Suakin, Head Office, London.

The Egyptian Gazette

No 7,924

ALEXANDRIA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1907.

[SIX PAGES P.T. 1.]

Peninsular and Oriental S. N. Company.

For rates, dates of sailing, and further particulars
See Notice on Page 2.

EGYPTIAN MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

TWO DAYS TO EUROPE

By the Magnificent British Turbine Steamers.

S.S. "HELIOPOLIS" & "CAIRO," 12,000 tons gross, 18,000 horse power.

ALEXANDRIA to NAPLES, 22 Days; ALEXANDRIA to MARSEILLES, 23 Days; ALEXANDRIA to LONDON, 24 Days.

DEPARTURES—14th, 29th December; and 9th, 23rd, 30th January, and WEEKLY thereafter.

General Passenger Agents for Egypt—Agents of the "Hamburg-Amerika Line, Grand Continental Hotel Buildings, Cairo.

London Office—3, Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, S.W.

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ORIENT-ROYAL MAIL LINE.

OUTWARD TO AUSTRALIA.

Dec. 19. R.M.S. "Ophir" will leave from about

R.M.S. "Orion" will leave Port Said about December 19.

R.M.S. "Orient" will leave Port Said about December 19.

Passage: Naples, Marseilles, Gibraltar, Plymouth or Tilbury.

1st Class £3.12.0 S. £14.60 £16.10.0 £20.18.0

2nd " 7.14.0 9.18.0 9.18.0 14.0 6.0

3rd " 4.0.0 5.0.0 6.0.0 7.0.0

* Special reduced rates during SUMMER SEASON.

Agents, Cairo: THOMAS COOK & Son, Ltd.; ALEXANDRIA: H. J. MOSS & Co.

For all information apply to Wm. STAPLEDON & Sons, Port Said & Port Tewfik (Hans), 31-13-4.

BIBBY LINE TWIN-SCREW MAIL STEAMERS.

OUTWARDS to COLOMBO, TUTICORIN, etc., and RANGOON.

S.S. "Barbyshire," 6,636 tons will leave Suez about December 5th.

HOMeward to MARSEILLES and LONDON.

S.S. "Warwickshire," 7,966 tons, will leave Port Said about November 26th.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES DURING THE SUMMER SEASON.

Fares from Port Said to Marseilles £12.0.0; London £17; Colombo £22.10.0; Rangoon £37.10.0

Fitted with Refrigerators, Electric Light, Electric Fans and all recent improvements.

Agents in Cairo: THOS. COOK & Son, Ltd. For all particulars apply to Wm. STAPLEDON & Sons, Port Said, Port Tewfik (Hans).

KHEDIVIAL MAIL LINE.

Fast British Passenger Steamers.

Greece-Turkey Mail Service.—Shortest, calmest, most beautiful sea passage to Europe.

Express steamers leave Alexandria 4 p.m. every Wednesday for Piraeus (Athens), Smyrna, Mytilene, Constantinople, in connection with Orient Express luxe train for Sofia, Belgrade, Budapest, Vienna, Paris, London.

Palestine-Syria Mail Service with Extension to Turkey.—East steamers leave Alexandria 4 p.m. every Saturday and Port Said, 5 p.m. every Sunday for Jaffa, (Jerusalem), Caifa, (Nazareth) Beyrouth, (Damascus), Tripoli, Alexandrette, Mersina, Larnaca, continuing in alternate weeks to Rhodes, Chios, Smyrna, Mytilene, Dardanelles, Gallipoli, Constantinople.

Sudan-Express Mail Service.—Khartoum in 3 days. Express steamers leave Suez Docks 5 p.m. every Wednesday for Port Sudan (and Suakin) in connection with Sudan Government Railways Express Luxe Service to Khartoum, arriving 8 p.m. Saturdays.

Red-Sea Coasting Mail Service.—Steamers from Suez 5 p.m. every Monday evening for Jeddah, calling one week at Tor, El-Wedj, Yumbo, Jeddah; and the following week at Tor, Yumbo, Jeddah, Port Sudan, Suakin, Massowah, Hodeida, Aden.

For freight or passages apply to the Co.'s Agencies, Alexandria, Port Said, Suez, Cairo; or for passages only to THOS. COOK & Son, HAMBURG-AMERIKA Line, REISE-BUREAU or other Tourist Agencies.

DEUTSCHE LEVANTE-LINIE.

Mail and Passenger Steamships. Regular Service fortnightly from HAMBURG; weekly from ANTWERP; every 4 weeks from BORDEAUX direct to ALEXANDRIA; homeward every 2 weeks from ALEXANDRIA to ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG.

Goods forwarded at through-rates from all German Railway Stations on direct Bills of Lading to ALEXANDRIA, CAIRO, SYRIA, etc. Special facilities for conveyance of cotton, etc., from ALEXANDRIA via ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG to German manufacturing towns. For tariff and particulars apply to ADOLPHE STROSS,

Alexandria Agent.—The following are expected at Alexandria:

Nov. 21st S.S. "Thasos" from Hamburg.—Nov. 24th S.S. "Andrea" from Ham-

burg.—Dec. 1st S.S. "Angantyr" from Hamburg.

Messageries Maritimes

From Alexandria calling from Alexandria in November.

For Marseilles direct

| | | Rate of passage | more |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|----------------|
| | | including table wine | |
| Friday | at 4 p.m. | Grenoble | Capt. Lamotte |
| " | at 5 p.m. | Genoa | Capt. Chavigny |
| " | at 6 p.m. | Portugal | Capt. Prost |
| " | at 6 p.m. | Grenoble | Capt. Lamotte |
| Thursday | at 4 p.m. | Portugal | Capt. Prost |
| Thursday | at 5 p.m. | Genoa | Capt. Chavigny |
| Friday | at 6 p.m. | Portugal | Capt. Prost |
| Friday | at 6 p.m. | Genoa | Capt. Chavigny |
| For Port Said and Beyrouth | | | |
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| Thursday | at 5 p.m. | Genoa | Capt. Chavigny |
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| For Port Said and Jaffa and Beyrouth | | | |
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| Thursday | at 5 p.m. | Genoa | Capt. Chavigny |
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| Friday | at 6 p.m. | Genoa | Capt. Chavigny |
| For Marseilles direct | | | |
| Wednesday | at 4 p.m. | Providence | Capt. Chavigny |
| Wednesday | at 5 p.m. | Genoa | Capt. Chavigny |
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12-10-07

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British
Aerated & Mineral
Water
Factory.
Soda Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale, Gingar Beer, Tonic Water, Pomegranate, Orangeade.
Lime Juice and Soda, Champagne Cider, Lemon Squash.

WATER GUARANTEED BY CHAMBERLAIN'S FILTER (PASTEUR'S SYSTEM).

Inventor of WHISKY & SODA and BRANDY & SODA, bottled ready for use.

Sole Agent in Egypt and the Sudan for

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| W. LANAHAN AND SON, | Belfast | Old Irish Whiskies. |
| COOK AND BRENNER'S CO., LTD. | New York | Mongomery XXXX Whisky. |
| STONE AND SON, | London | "Old Valley" Whisky ("Gold Lion" Cocktails. |
| ALD. PILMONTERS BRAUHAUS | In Pilsenets | Guinness' Stout, Bass Pale Ale. |
| FRIEDR. BALLOH & CO., LTD. | Torino | Pilsner Beer. |
| PFERD. BISSET, | Cette | Vermouth. |
| THIRAKONA TEA COMPANY, LTD. | Teas. | Vermouth and Aperitifs. |

HENDERSON & CO. CEYLON CORONA TEA.

Great assortment of WINES, SPIRITS, LIQUEURS, TEAS of finest brands, etc.

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NEW FURNITURE CATALOGUE
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ANNOYANCES AND UNEXPECTED
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To His Graceless Majesty the King and
H.R.H. the Princesses of Wales.
His Majesty the King of Spain, etc.

Carriage paid on orders of Rs. upwards in United Kingdom.

Irish Cambric Pocket
Handkerchiefs.

Irish Collars, Cuffs,
and Shirts.

Irish Damask Table-
and House Linen.

The productions of their own Looms. From the least expensive to the Finest in the World.

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DIRECT TO 42, X. DONEGALL PLACE, BELFAST, IRELAND.

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JOHN B. CAFFARI

Alexandria & Cairo.

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AND TRADE MARKS REGISTER.—
a useful business directory containing addresses of
all important business firms of Great Britain, the
Continent, and Egypt. Circulating all over Europe
and America. Price—One pound Sterling. Post
Free. AGARD'S INTERNATIONAL HOTEL
GUIDE sent post free to all first class Hotels
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English, French, Arabic, Greek, Italian, etc.

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CAIRO, 1 Sharia Kamel.

SUMMER BRANCH, Ramleh Carlton Hotel.

TRIAL LESSON FREE.

STERILISED FRESH MILK.

LIFE BELT BRAND.

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GUARANTEED NOT TO CONTAIN ANY CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE.

Walker & Meimarachi, Limited.

THE EGYPTIAN SUPPLY STORES.

SOLE AGENTS FOR EGYPT AND THE SOUDAN.

THE NATIONAL HOTEL, Cairo

One of the finest and most up-to-date Hotels in the Metropolis. Situated in Sharis Soliman Pasha, the very centre of the healthiest and most fashionable quarter. Stands in its own grounds with garden and lawn tennis grounds at back. Over 350 rooms and 5 saloons. Magnificent salle à manger. Handsome covered promenade veranda, 80 yards long. Highest class cuisine, electric light throughout, and lifts. English comfort. Rooms and apartments at prices to suit every one. For further particulars apply to GENERAL MANAGER, Cairo.

26829-20-11-9

SAVOY HOTEL, CAIRO.

Reopens on Monday next.

31366-1

FIRST CLASS HOTEL

MODERN IN ALL RESPECTS.

EASTERN EXCHANGE HOTEL,

PORT SAID.

THE COOLEST SUMMER RESIDENCE IN EGYPT.

Fire-proof, Drained to the Sea, Lifts, Electric Light, English and French Billiards, Fresh and Salt-Water Baths.

HOTEL DRAGOMANS IN UNIFORM
MEET ALL TRAINS AND STEAMERS.

Special terms to Cairo Residents and their families desirous of enjoying the cool air and sea-bathing during the summer months.

The Egyptian Lignolite & Brick Co., Ltd.

Undertake and promptly and satisfactorily carry out paving and other kinds of work, in connection with their LIGNOLITE patent process, as used by the War Office, Public Works Department, the Administration of the Sanitary Department, etc. etc. Hygienic, waterproof, incombustible and jointless pavements can be executed in different colours, with fancy borders, etc.

MANUFACTURE and SALE of patent H.H.B. BRICKS in hydraulic lime and cement

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10 RUE STAMBOLI, Telephone No. 1640, P.O.B. 907.

AND AT CAIRO, TO

12 RUE EL MAGHRABY, Telephone No. 806, P.O.B. 907.

BORWICK'S ECONOMICAL & RELIABLE 60 YEARS' REPUTATION.

BAKING POWDER.

For Home-made Bread, Cakes, Pastry, Scones, Flour Puddings, Meat Pies, &c., &c.

It is packed in Tins or Bottles, and will keep for years in perfect condition.

Supplied by Store-keepers and Grocers in Cairo and Alexandria. Manufactory—1, Bunhill Row, London.

Wholesale Agents—CROSSE & BLACKWELL, Ltd., London; C. & H. MORTON, London; WALKER & MEIMARACHI, Ltd., Cairo; J. B. CAFFARI, Alexandria.

S. SMITH & SON, Ltd., 9 STRAND, LONDON.

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Our Watches are used by English, Indian and Japanese Governments, etc.



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OUR CHARING + H.M. KING EDWARD VII.

NON-MAGNETIC WATCH.

Our "STRAND" and "Sharing" + Watches are the Best Value yet produced.

"STRAND" Half-Chronometer with Dust and Damp Proof Cap.

WRITE FOR SEPARATE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES OF WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLERY, SPEED INDICATORS and MOTOR ACCESSORIES.

Post Free on Application.

ALL ENGLISH, KEYLESS, GOLD, 18 ct., Half Hunter or Full Hunter, £18 10s. Crystal Glass, £18 10s. Silver Case, Crystal Glass, £5 10s. Full Hunter, £5 10s. and Half Hunter, £5 10s.

5137-20-10

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The "Egyptian Gazette" has given no advertising agency or company in Egypt any monopoly or exclusive right to act as advertising Agents on its behalf. Advertisements of every description are received at the offices of the "Gazette" from advertisers direct.

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St. George's School, Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

Master—The Bishop of St. Albans.

Chairman of Governors—The Rev. H. B. Gray, D.D.

Headmaster and Warden of Bradford College.

Fee 50 guineas. St. George's presents obvious advantages to Anglo-Indian and Colonial parents in enabling brothers and sisters to live together at the same school. Arrangements for holidays. Harpenden is situated in an exceptionally healthy locality, 600 feet above sea level, and being only 35 minutes distant from St. Pancras can easily be visited by parents and friends of scholars. References to parents living abroad. For Prospects and Particulars of Scholarships, apply to the Headmaster.

51028-18-2



AUFGEBOT.

Es wird hiermit bekannt gemacht, dass der Schweizer Bürger Battista Bernardoni, seines Standes Kaufmann, geboren in Bellinzona, 39 Jahre alt, wohnhaft in Luino, Sohn des im Alter von 57 Jahren in Luino verstorbenen Artillerie-Hauptmann Giovanni Bernardoni, und diesen in Luino wohnhaften 64 Jahre alten Ehemann Luigi geboren Rusconi und

die österreichische Staatsangehörige Matilde Marusig, geboren in Alexandrien, 27 Jahre alt, wohnhaft in Alexandrin, Tochter des in Alexandrin wohnhaften 65 Jahre alten Kaufmanns Pietro Marusig, und dessen ebenfalls in Alexandrin wohnhaften 56 Jahre alten Ehemann Eufrazio geboren Valich beobachtigen sich mit einander zu verheirathen und diese Ehe in Gemässheit des Reichsgesetzes vom 4. Mai 1870 vor dem unterzeichneten Beamen abzuschliessen.

Alexandrin, den 21. November 1907.

Der Kaiserliche Konsul.
gegen WUNDERLICH.

31366-1

P&O WEEKLY MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICES P&O EGYPT

to
BRINDISI, MARSEILLES & LONDON.
(Special connecting Train Services between Brindisi and London, and between Marseilles and London.)

PORT SAID to LONDON via BRINDISI in 4½ Days

PORT SAID to LONDON via MARSEILLES in 2½ Days

PORT SAID to LONDON by SEA - 12 Days

Passengers can embark on Sunday evening in the Indien steamer, which is timed to leave Port Said on Monday morning immediately after arrival of the Homeward Mail.

The Marseilles-London Steamer sail after the arrival of the 11 a.m. train from Cairo on Mondays.

25 per Cent. Abatement of Homeward Sea Fare to Passengers making Return Journey within 12 months.

To ADEN
To ROMNEY
To CALCUTTA
Via SINGAPORE
To CHINA
To JAPAN
To AUSTRALIA

Particulars of additional departures by intermediate steamers, at reduced fares, to Malta, Calcutta, Straits, China, Japan and London, may be had on application.

British may be secured and all information obtained from THOS. COOK & SON (EGYPT), LTD. — CAIRO.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Stamped Envelopes.

The Postal Administration has just issued a new 3 millimes stamped envelope.

Egyptian Ivory.

12½ tons Egyptian Ivory have arrived in London for the quarterly sales January 28th.

The Cairo Punch.

Such is the title of a new comic weekly paper, which is to appear on the 15th. The editor and proprietor is Mr. A. H. Zaki.

St. Andrews Dinner.

At least seventy Scotsmen are expected to attend the dinner on St. Andrew's Day at the Savoy Hotel, Cairo. Haggis will, as usual, be one of the chief items of the bill of fare.

Standard Life Assurance Co.

In consequence of the sale of the Company's building, the offices of the Standard Life Assurance Company will be removed to the new building of the Egyptian Estates, Limited on 1st December next.

Khedivial Geographical Society.

A meeting of the Khedivial Geographical Society will be held in the hall of the Legislative Council at 3.30 p.m. to-morrow, when a paper on "From Cairo to Damascus" will be read by Abbata Pasha.

Tanzim Department.

A correspondent writes from Cairo that it is rumoured that the Tanzim Department of the Government is to be handed over to the Mudirs or Governors either at the end of the financial or the Calendar year.

Subonic Plague.

Two patients who have been under treatment for plague have been discharged cured at Alexandria, one death has occurred at Simbelanen, and one fresh case has come in for treatment at Ago, this bringing the total at present under treatment to sixteen.

Sand Barrage.

From the 15th inst. markabs have been placed in the middle of the river at Eneb with the navigation channel in the middle owing to a sand being constructed from the East bank of the river westward. During the night the markabs will burn red lights.

The Brindisi Mail.

The mail for Europe via Port-Said and Brindisi will be made up at the G.P.O. Alexandria, at 2.40 p.m. on Sunday 24th for ordinary correspondence, at noon for money orders and insured articles and at 6 p.m. on Saturday 23rd for parcels.

Zizina Theatre.

There was a fair attendance last night at the Zizina Theatre when "La Passerelle" was given. Madamé Munte took the part of Jacqueline, which she impersonated to perfection. This very Parisian play is eminently suited to the palates of the Alexandrian playgoers and the comedy was followed with much gusto and roars of laughter attended her acting. She was well seconded by her troupe.

First Circle Canals.

In consequence of the annual cleaning of the canals in the 1st Circle of Irrigation, the water in all such will be reduced to too low a level to admit of navigation for a period of thirty days from the 10th December prox., the Canal Ismailia will however not be closed until the 15th prox when for thirty days it will only contain water sufficient for the navigation of the smallest boats.

The Language of the Country.

A certain number of persons newly arrived will be glad to know that the Berlitz School undertakes to teach the Arabic language on the same method and principles as are applied to the study of English, French and all the other modern languages. The results are most remarkable and those who have any doubts on the subject need only take a lesson to be convinced of this fact.

(Advt.)

Chief Merchant of Khartoum.

At the merchants' meeting held at the Omdurman Zaptieh on Monday week Slatin Pasha announced the dismissal of Mohammed Bey Hassan from his appointment as Chief Merchant of Khartoum, by order of the Governor General. The reasons for the dismissal as brought out in the order, are the incompetency of Mohamed Bey and his unfitness for the position—his private affairs even being in lack of proper management,—and the hostility he has manifested to certain officers holding Government offices, against whom he brought certain charges which he could not substantiate, and which upon enquiry proved to be entirely without foundation. The office of Chief Merchant was declared vacant and the hope was expressed that the Government would be led to choose a suitable person for the place.

MILITARY TAILORS.

EGYPTIAN ARMY OUTFITS A SPECIALTY.

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LORD CROMER ON FREE TRADE.

ARGUMENTS AGAINST PROTECTION.

(Gazette's Special Service.)

LONDON, Friday.

Lord Cromer, who was the guest of honour at the Unionist Free Trade dinner last night, said that he had been all his life a strong imperialist and free trader. If once we change free trade we shall quicken into life every form of dormant Anglophobia which exists throughout the world, every jealousy entertained by Chauvinists abroad will be transferred to the counting house of every foreign manufacturing merchant. When once the passion which protection or even preference will evoke has been let loose, our present naval establishments, great though they be, will be insufficient. I wish Unionists could agree to differ and let tariff reform sleep.

THE LATE JUDGE HILLS.

The late Judge Hills of Highhead Castle, Cumberland, the news of whose death early on the morning of Monday, November 11th, will have been received with keen regret by a large circle of friends and acquaintances, was born in 1837. He was the son of John Hills of Walmer, Kent, and spent his childhood in Italy; from which circumstance he acquired that intimate knowledge of the Italian language which he never lost, and which was of such value to him in after life. At the age of 18 he went to Eton, afterwards going to Balliol College, Oxford, where he graduated as B.A. in 1860. Upon leaving the University he entered the profession of law, and was called to the bar in 1864.

For five years he filled the post of secretary to the Lord Privy Seal, (the late Duke of Argyl) for which he was specially recommended by Dr. Jowett, late Master of Balliol, on resigning this appointment he practised as a barrister in London, and on the northern circuit till 1875. In 1863 he married a daughter of the late Rt. Hon. Sir William Grove, P.C. F.R.S. the distinguished scientist and Judge of the High Court.

In the summer of 1875 Mr. Hills was offered by Lord Derby, the then Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the post of Judge in the newly constituted International Tribunals in Egypt. This offer he accepted. In these Courts Great Britain had the right of nominating two members of the judicial bench. Mr. Hills' companion in this honour was Mr. John Scott (afterwards Sir John Scott, Judicial Adviser to the Khedive.) In 1882 he was promoted to the Court of Appeal in Alexandria, and retained his seat upon the bench of that tribunal, a position which he occupied with unflinching dignity and distinction, until his retirement four years ago.

In recognition of his long and valuable services he was invested by the Khedive with the order of the Medjidieh, Judge Hills was a J.P. for Cumberland, and well known in the county. For many years he rented Corby Castle, the beautiful seat of the Howards of Corby upon the Eden; and upon the completion of his official career he purchased from Lord Brougham the fine old place, Highhead Castle in Cumberland, which had been allowed to fall into a derelict condition. This residence he restored with great taste and judgment, and occupied it until his death. He is survived by his wife, and his three sons; Major E. H. Hills, C.M.G., Royal Engineers, Mr. John Hills, M.P., Durham City, and Mr. Bustace Hills, Barrister-at-Law.

THE LATE CAPT. ROBERTS.

The late Captain C.P. Roberts whose untimely death occurred this week, joined the Egyptian Army on the 9th July 1901, and served for some time as inspector in the Kordofan district prior to his appointment to the Egyptian Artillery. Born in 1873 Captain Roberts was gazetted as second Lieutenant in the Royal Artillery in April 1893, being promoted to the rank of Lieutenant in April 1896 and obtaining his Captaincy in March 1900.

His early foreign service was divided between Gibraltar and India, at the former of which places he had served in the Field Garrison, and at the latter in the Mountain Battery, while after his arrival in Egypt he served in the operations at Jabel Jerok for which he received the Egyptian medal with clasp. His Highness the Khedive at the same time conferred upon him the order of the Medjidieh 4th class.

CALLS AND COMPANIES.

A correspondent writes:—

A large number, if not the majority, of the companies floated during last season, are much hampered by the refusal of the shareholders to pay their calls. I know many persons, who have refused, because they are quite unaware as to the exact position of the companies. Nobody knows what the directors are doing and as nothing is ever published as to what these companies have done or are doing, there is naturally a disinclination to probably throw good money after bad if the company is on the brink of voluntary liquidation or bankruptcy. Shareholders will not pay up in many cases unless the directors issue a temporary balance sheet certified by auditors, giving full details of how the company stands. Such an honest line of policy would lead to many persons paying up all the calls due.

EGYPTIAN POLITICS.

A LONDON ORGAN.

After a protracted incubation the new English monthly "Egypt", has at last seen the light. The new venture turns out, as we assumed it would, to parakeets of the Kamel-eas-blanc shade of opinion. A perusal of the editorial article makes this perfectly plain: The style is not particularly edifying; there is too much of the cut and thrust method about it, reminding one of those deadly encounters, which only take place on the transatlantic stage. However, we are not surprised that some writers in England, who are totally ignorant of the prevailing conditions here, should espouse the cause of Kamel, seeing that he is the one man in Egypt who has proved himself capable of conducting a campaign. But this beating of the big drum must seem, to those who know, foliosome nonsense since the chances of evacuation are, by reason of recent alliances, more remote than they were ever before.

The contents of the new journal include the following: The Dawn of Freedom. An Open Letter to the British Parliament by Smiley Norton, P.R.S.L. The Education Question by a member of the Egyptian Board of Education. The Rt. Hon. John Morley on the Egyptian Question. The Phantom of Egyptian Unrest by a British Statesman etc.

PARTY OF THE PEOPLE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "EGYPTIAN GAZETTE".

Sir,—I read in your last issue, what you have thought to be the goal of the "Party of the People" i.e. "independence." But it was "complete autonomy" and not "independence" that was mentioned in the circular of the "Party of the People". It is the present autonomy as authorized by Firmakis and International Treaties with a little more, and that little is that the nation should have the right of co-operating with the government in public matters. This is what is understood from Hassan Pasha Abd el-Razik's declarations which showed the aspirations of the Party and the means for their realization.

Yours obedient servant
AHMED LOUFI EL SAFAK
Director of "Al Guridah"
Cairo, November 21.

A DANGEROUS HISTORIAN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "EGYPTIAN GAZETTE".

Sir,—Under the above heading you recently published a letter signed "Veritas" in which the "Secret History of Egypt, etc." by Mr. W. S. Blunt is somewhat severely criticised. Your correspondent omitted to mention a rather important fact in connection with the appearance of this book. It is now several years since Arabi returned from exile to live in this country, and yet not one Egyptian out of a thousand knows or cares anything about him, and still less about those whose tool he was in 1882. On them all has fallen what the French pathetically call "la pale fleur de l'oubli." But this did not at all suit Mr. Blunt's morbid craving for notoriety — "hinc illae lacrymae" — but for this, his "Secret History" would probably never have been written. However it will not long be remembered, and in a few years, actors and scene shifters alike, including Mr. Blunt, will have passed away, as your correspondent rightly suggests, "unwept, unhonoured and unsung."

I remain, Sir,
"Common Sense"
Alexandria, 21 November 1907.

IBRAHIMIEH HELLENIC COMMUNITY.

As we announced in our issue of yesterday the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the new Orthodox Church at Ibrahimieh which is being built by Mr. Xeonophor Joannidis was performed before a very large assembly presided over by Mr. Praxias, and the community. The religious service was conducted by a representative of the Orthodox Patriarch who was assisted by several of the clergy of the Greek Church, and Mr. Paleologos Georgiou, headmaster of the Greek Schools of Alexandria read the official document describing the circumstances, which was then placed in the stone with several pieces of money and copies of the "Egyptian Gazette" and the "Phare d'Alexandrie." The document was signed by Mr. Scodis, Consul-General of Greece, Mr. Michel Sinadino, acting President and Vice-President of the Hellenic Community of Alexandria, Mr. Praxias, Mr. and Mrs. Xenophor Joannidis and by Mr. John Christie, architect. The stone was laid by Mr. Xenophor Joannidis, who broke over it a bottle of champagne, christening it St. Michael. Immediately afterwards Mr. Scodis made an eloquent speech, in which he expressed the hearty thanks of the community to Mr. and Mrs. Joannidis for their generosity in providing the necessary funds for the church and to Mr. Praxias for his foundation of the Ibrahimieh school. Mr. Christie then replied with an eloquent speech referring to the patriotism, solidarity, and generosity of the Greek community in Egypt which does so much for the cause of religion and education. The company then went to the Praxias school for its inauguration. A very pleasant afternoon was spent and the healths of Messrs. Praxias and Joannidis drunk many times in champagne from a very liberally stocked buffet.

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THE CAIRO SEASON.

HOTEL LIFE.

SEMIRAMIS HOTEL.

PORT SUDAN.

ITS PRESENT STATE.

I.

The most interesting problem is the Sudan in the future of the new port which has arisen on the inlet of the west coast of the Red Sea and forms the terminus of the Sudan Railways. Three years ago the spot was entirely uninhabited and the only building amidst the surrounding desolation was the solitary mud-brick hut of Sheikh Saadat, when the inlet was named. Now on either side of the harbour rise numbers of fine public buildings, superior to those of any town in Egypt outside Cairo and Alexandria. The Sudan Government has embarked on the vast initial expenditure necessary for the equipment of a modern port on the theory that the Sudan needs a forwarding port for its export and import trade and that it is the wiser policy to make all the installations for such a purpose once and for all. The Sudan Department of Public Works has displayed an extraordinary amount of energy in carrying out the Government's policy and under Captain Kelly, R.E., the local representative of that Department, the progress which has been made is quite amazing to anyone who had known the site when Lord Cromer came there not two years ago, to open the railway to Athbar. Specious public offices have sprung up on all sides and all the official headquarters of six important towns are to be found at Port Sudan. The only other necessary ingredients, in the shape of permanent dwellings, offices and warehouses for the commercial community are lacking, but we will deal with this unfortunate exception in a future article when we come to consider the Government's policy in regard to leases. The present condition of the town; so far as the public buildings are concerned, may be summarised as follows, the harbour works being the subject of a separate article:—

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

The prison will be handed over to the Government in January next.

The Egyptian Army barracks with the officers' quarters has been completed this year.

The Egyptian Army and Sudan civil stores are finished.

The railway goods shed only wants a roof.

The customs office and sheds are complete.

Material for the permanent customs office is on the spot and awaiting erection.

The station is in course of construction.

A permanent hospital is practically finished.

The passenger station will be finished within a year.

The condensers are now being moved from Suez and one is already in position at Port Sudan. Two others are to be taken there shortly. These are the biggest condensers in the world, but they will be surpassed by those now being erected by the Admiralty at Gibraltar. Each condenser can turn out three hundred and fifty tons per day.

In building a new town to order some mistakes were inevitable, but one of the gravest errors of judgment was the choice of a magnificient post office building in a most ungetatable site, which renders it more or less useless. It might serve a useful purpose as an hotel, which is badly needed, but even then this site is against it.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

The majority of the public buildings are of coralline limestone, which has a very smart appearance. It is objected that coral material is far too soft and that the buildings so constructed must eventually collapse. This is an excellent and unlimited supply of red and grey granite for building in the neighbourhood and the Government with a little more outlay should have laid off the buildings of granite. The Railway Administration is having all its buildings of granite and this should have been the rule throughout. The National Bank building at Suez is made of coral and, although it has only been in existence for four years, signs of deterioration are evident.

The quay walls are all to be coped with granite.

WATER SUPPLY.

The water is to come from Khor Arbaat, twenty-five miles from Suez, where there is a permanent supply. A big dam is to be made there and the water will be laid off in the town by pipes. Sir William Christie is paying a visit to Port Sudan in January next in order to give his opinion on the subject. What kind of it will be quite sufficient for all practical purposes. There have been a series of borings down to eight hundred metres have been made, but no good water has been discovered. The official water supply comes from a pumpstation from a well six miles off. The ordinary public supply is from surface water.

POPULATION.

Since the opening of Port Sudan in May, 1905, up to October 20th, 1907, the actual number the persons who have come to reside permanently in the town total 519 European men and 117 European women. The total population including natives is about 4,000. There is very little crime.

LABOUR.

The labour question is a very difficult one. There are about a hundred Syrians and a large number of Indians employed by the Government. A good many Bedouins (the local natives, known as "Fancy Work") are coming in to work, but they are very undisciplined. The shipping agents mostly

employ Bedouins, a mixture of Turk, Arab and Berber, and Jeddawi, Arabs from the Yemen. The custom porters are all Jeddawi, who are extremely dishonest. The Saidians always return to their homes in Egypt after their contract is over, as the Egyptian will never remain for long out of his own country. Greeks and Indians are employed as masons.

The Soudanese and Hadendous are by no means indolent and persist in returning to their homes as soon as they have got together a little money. The wages are very high, the lowest rate being as much as £.1.5 per day for unskilled labour. There are centres of population now at Haifa and if ever the land system is repealed and building operations on a large scale begun, the labour difficulty will be a very serious problem. Owing to labour being still so easily procurable at Suez, and cargo being dealt with more easily there than at Port Sudan, hardly the Sudan Development and Exploration Company preferred to send material for their large-scale works to the value of £20,000, by way of Suez rather than by Port Sudan.

THE KHEDIVE.

His Highness the Khedive will attend at the mosque de Koubbeh for devotions to-morrow.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Circularie R. De Vries and Boutigny Ltd.

Cheap Prepaid Advertisements.

Under this heading advertisements are inserted at the following rates :—

| ONCE 3 TIMES 6 TIMES | | | |
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| 15 words | P.T. 5 | P.T. 10 | P.T. 15 |
| 30 words | " 8 | " 16 | " 24 |
| Every 10 words, | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| beyond 30. | | | |

Le Caire, Jeudi 21 Novembre.

Le taux de l'escompte libre à Louâtre est renseigné à 6 7/8 pour cent.

Au Stock-Exchange, le Consolide anglais a baissé de 1/8 à 82. L'Unité a baissé de 1/4 à 99 1/4. La National Bank a été soutenue à 20. L'Agricole à 7 7/8 et la Delta Light à 9 7/8. La Daira a rétrogradé de 1/4 à 12 1/4.

A Paris, le Crédit Foncier Egyptien a perdu 1 franc à 678. La Banque d'Athènes est restée inchangée à 108. Les Lots Turcs ont gagné 1 fr. à 164.

Ici, notre marché privé d'un nouveau confort par suite des nouvelles insignifiantes du marché anglais, est retombé dans le marasme dont il avait essayé de sortir durant la séance d'hier. Après une ouverture assez bruyante pendant laquelle on s'est payé le luxe d'un semblant d'animation, le calme plat est revenu. L'approche de la clôture même n'a pas réussi à remuer nos boursiers. Inutile d'insister sur le peu d'importance des transactions, la série de soumissions que nous venons de subir n'étant pas faite pour encourager les acheteurs.

Dans la groupes Etablissements de Crédit, l'Agricole fléchit à 7 13/16 alors que la National Bank reste inchangée à 20. La Banque d'Orient se relève à 111-112. La Banque d'Escrément et de Reports se tasse à 2 9/16.

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Dans le compartiment des Hôtels, les Nungovich perdent 1/4 à 15 3/4. Les Baehler sont en nouveau recul à 4 3/4-5/16 ainsi que les Upper Egypt à 2 5/8. Les Excelsior Hotels sont également plus faibles à 1 13/16.

Parmi les petites valeurs, la Delta Land est ramenée à 1 1/4, les Markets à 25 et les fondatrices Estates à 2 1/2. L'Ordinary Khedivial Mail est en léger progrès à 20 3/4 et les fondatrices Express Nile Steamers sont en reprise à P.T. 25.

Nous recevons de notre correspondant de Londres, en date du 15 courant, les lignes suivantes, concernant la tenue du groupe égyptien sur cette place :

La tendance est en général faible et les transactions difficiles et restreintes. Sur les principales valeurs il suffit d'une demande ou d'une offre relativement, en temps normaux, peu importante pour influencer sensiblement les cours. On peut attribuer cet état de choses surtout à la crise financière aux Etats-Unis qui provoque la hausse des taux de toutes les Bourses et qui bouleverse toutes nos Bourses. Il est vrai que la situation en Egypte nécessite la continuation de ventes pour assainir les dosiers nantis, mais ces ventes auraient été absorbées avec facilité si la situation générale financière avait été favorable.

Les taux de reports des positions de mi-courant à fin courant ont été dans les environs de 8 % à 11 % et si la Banque d'Angleterre se voit obligée d'avancer son taux actuel qui est de 7 %, les reports à la liquidation prochaine deviendront très onéreux. Ce soir par suite de la continuation des demandes d'or pour l'Amérique on craint d'un moment à l'autre l'élevation du taux de la Banque à 8 %.

" La National Bank a subi quelques fluctuations rapides, baissant à un moment à près de 19 1/2 pour avancer plus tard à 20 3/8 et éléver à 20 1/8. L'Agricole avait baissé à un moment à 7 5/8, s'est relevée ensuite à 8 1/16 pour finir inchangée à 7 15/16. La Daira de 12 1/4 a baissé à 12 3/4 pour finir très faible ce soir à 12 1/4. Sur les petites valeurs les affaires ont été peu importantes et la faiblesse a prédominé."

Hier matin s'est déroulé au Consulat d'Angleterre, à Alexandrie, le procès intenté par un groupe d'actionnaires de la Bourse et Banking au Conseil d'Administration. Le Tribunal a fait droit à la demande et n'a pas admis la validité des règlements faits sur les titres de la Société qui ont été négociés.

En ce qui concerne la nomination de M. A. Nahman comme liquidateur le tribunal s'est déclaré compétent.

Il a été immédiatement interjeté appel de ce jugement par l'avocat de la Société.

Eastern Telegraph Co. Ltd.

AVERAGE TIME occupied in transmission of Egyptian telegrams from England to Alexandria on Thursday 21 November, 1907.

OUTWARD.
Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 8 p.m.
(Cairo time)

| FROM | MESSAGES HANDLED IN AT | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | The Company's Offices | Postal Telegraph Offices |
| London | 21 | 45 |
| Liverpool | 28 | — |
| Alexandria | 36 | — |
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TELEGRAMS.

THE BRITISH NAVY.
PREPAREDNESS FOR WAR.

LONDON, November 21.
Lord Charles Beresford, in a remarkable speech before the Salters Company on the preparedness of the navy, concluded by remarking that if any country provoked war our practical preparedness would pulverise it. He emphasised that it was not the battleships but the human element which won. He pointed out Nelson's example. Nelson and his captains, he said, were like brothers. (Reuter)

LORD CROMER ON FREE TRADE.

LONDON, November 22.
Lord Cromer, speaking at a banquet, illustrating the wisdom of Free Trade as a basis of imperial policy instanced a clause in the Sudan convention excluding trade preference. He also said that one reason why he was able to do good work in Egypt and get Europe to acquiesce to its continuance was the principles of Free Trade rigidly applied. Once abandon them and our occupation of Egypt would be regarded very differently. (Reuter)

THE NASI TRIAL.

ROME, November 21.
Uproarious scenes were witnessed yesterday at the trial of Signor Nasi owing to the interpositions of Senators hostile to the accused. Signor Nasi's counsel and the president exchanged strong language. The counsel finally withdrew abandoning the defence. (Reuter)

ROME, November 22.

The Nasi trial has been adjourned. The prevailing opinion here is that the Senate has shown itself unsuitable as a court of justice. (Reuter)

THE PORTUGUESE ARMY.

LISBON, November 21.
It is noticeable that the Minister of War is making numerous inspections of garrisons, while the King is participating in various military functions. It is believed that the army heartily supports the King. (Reuter)

STRIKE SITUATION IN INDIA.

CALCUTTA, November 21.
The strike situation is becoming worse. The attitude of the European strikers is threatening. Simla is isolated. A battalion of the Leinster Regiment and armed police are going to Assansol where the stranded passengers are collected. The Chamber of Commerce is intervening with a view to a settlement. (Reuter)

PORTUGUESE NEWSPAPERS SUSPENDED.

LISBON, November 21.
Three more leading newspapers have been suspended. (Reuter)

PAPAL MOTU PROPRIO.

ROME, November 21.
A Papal "Motu Proprio" reiterates the declarations of the Syllabus of 18th July and the Encyclical of 16th September. It threatens those disregarding them with excommunication and other penalties. It urges episcopacy to exercise the utmost vigilance against books of modernist tendencies. (Reuter)

LANDSLIP NEAR CANNES.

TOULON, November 21.
18 Italian navvies have been overwhelmed by a landslip near Cannes. Only two of them have been extricated alive. (Reuter)

THE "INA" CATASTROPHE.

PARIS, November 21.
The Senate has opened the enquiry into the "INA" catastrophe. (Havas)

TELEGRAMS.

THE AMERICAN CRISIS.

NEW YORK, November 21.
Owing to the widespread demands the premium on currency rose suddenly from 1½ to 3, resulting in disorder on the Exchange and causing renewed uneasiness. (Reuter)

NEW YORK, November 21.
Owing to the depression in trade crowds of aliens are leaving America and returning to Europe where they are able to live cheaper. (Reuter)

PARIS, November 21.
It is announced in financial circles that a big bank in Paris is negotiating to send gold to America. Silence is kept on the subject of official intervention in this affair. (Havas)

THE MOROCCO SITUATION.

TANGIER, November 21.
El Guebas has been appointed Viceroy of the town, replacing Mohamed El Torres, who has retired. Ben Sliman will be appointed Premier. (Havas)

R. BROWN & CO.

A meeting of the creditor's of R. Brown & Co., was held at the Baltic House, 27, Leadenhall Street, E.C., 1st July, 1907, of which the following is the account:—Present—Representatives of: Messrs. Barker and Allen, Ltd., Baynes, E. Co., Blackwood and Co., Bourne and Raiston, Cadbury Bros., Ltd., Colman, J. and J., Ltd., Compton, J. and Sons, Hoare, Marr and Co., Holzenfelz's Composition Co., Hoskins and Sewell, Ltd., Kilner Bros and Co., Ltd., McCorquodale and Co., Ltd., Meakin, Alfred, Ltd., Morgan, Crossley and Co., Ltd., Moseley, David and Co., Phillips and Son, Foton Co., Price's Patent Candles, Ltd., Rylands and Sons, Ltd., Stevenson, D. A. and Co., Jaffé Bros and Co.

Mr. C. Steward Cox (Director of Egyptian Investment and Agency, Ltd.) was voted into the chair. Mr. Cox said: I have no objection whatever to taking the chair if it is the unanimous wish of the creditors that I should, but I want to make it quite clear that we have no interest whatever in the matter of the liquidation, and never had any interest, except so far as we could to safeguard the interest of the creditors, and if the meeting is not unanimous I would rather not do it. Mr. Cox was unanimously voted into the chair.

The Chairman said: I call upon Mr. Rowe, who acted as a member of the Committee of Inspection in Egypt, to give some account of what happened there. I think I will just again repeat that the Egyptian Investment and Agency have no interest in this matter whatever, that my Company took up the business of liquidating the Brown business in Egypt at the solicitation of Mr. Brown, and we agreed to begin to see whether we could so liquidate the business as in the interests of the parties concerned, and we here in London heard nothing about it except that Mr. Brown had made that request. The only thing that we did learn was from Mr. Hewett, one of our managers in Egypt—who is present—that my company had the intention of liquidating the business, without making any stipulation about remuneration, for account of the concerned, in the hope of certain agency business resulting for us, partly as a consequence of assistance which had been given to creditors, and partly because my company believes that we can do credit to any business when it is put in our hands.

Letter convening the meeting was read. Mr. Rowe said as I happened to be in Egypt at this particular time, I was put in the position of knowing perhaps more about it than most of you, and therefore I give you some explanation of these affairs.

One or two letters I have received in reply to my letter convening the meeting, complained that the recipients had received no previous communication, and so, perhaps, it may be as well if I read to you the letter which was sent, I presume, to all the creditors by Messrs. Brown and Co.

Since arriving home I have received another statement of affairs from Mr. Brown, dated May 20th, giving his liabilities as £s. 26,722,051, and assets £s. 2,220,720. In many cases,

however, the figures are not correct, so this is of no use to us whatever.

The question being asked Mr. Rowe as to whether consignment stock could be earmarked by the owner, he replied that was a question to be settled.

Apart from the list of sundry creditors in Mr. Brown's liabilities are the two Banks, The Banque de Salomon Pa. 681,622, and Cassa di Sconto e di Risparmio Pa. 416,415. These two Banks have got in all the Bills they could get hold of; they are all drawn on Messrs. R. Brown and Co's own Bill forms, no matter whose goods they are against. The Banks are well covered for their amounts, and when they are wiped off they will hand the Bills (balance) over to the Liquidator, or Mr. Brown, or anybody duly appointed. With regard to stocks held in consignment, I can only tell you that in many cases part or all have been sold and the money has gone into the Bank. I do not see how you are going to separate one stock from another, or decide which Bill is against which stock, as the goods of three or four creditors are lumped together in many cases and all on one Bill.

In reply to a question from Messrs. Morgan, Crossley and Co.'s representative, Mr. Rowe said that we had no power to take possession of anything, but that one member of the committee, Messrs. Rylands' representative, took possession of their stock, valued—I believe—at about £4,000, and to which action I protested at the time. The representative of Messrs. Morgan, Crossley and Co., Ltd., said he would like to ask the chairman if Messrs. Rylands' representative said that he had no instructions from Messrs. Rylands, that he only knew of this matter an hour ago and could say nothing at the present time pending instructions, but he could say Messrs. Rylands would do the right thing.

Mr. Compton, of Messrs. J. Compton and Sons, said he would like to say that he was present with Mr. Rowe in Egypt. The first thing suggested was that Mr. Brown should be put through the Bankruptcy Court. They took both legal and commercial advice, with the result that everyone strongly advised their keeping out of the court.

It is of the greatest importance that something should be done at once; there is stock there and money coming in, and no one has any authority to act on behalf of the creditors, and that was the reason of calling this meeting. Messrs. Brown's books have not been audited for three or four years.

Mr. Compton said he very much doubted if Mr. Kerr (the Accountant) would take the responsibility of a Deed of Assignment executed in his favour. Neither could we (the Committee) take the responsibility of that Deed, and release Mr. Brown of his indebtedness to us, and give him a free hand. We were legally advised on the other side that when Mr. Brown signed that Deed we had no further call on him.

Of course we had no control over sending these letters out, because we had no idea who Messrs. Brown's creditors were, we simply signed the letters placed before us. I think I shall give you a better idea of the state of affairs if I tell you what happened in our own case (Messrs. Hoskins and Sewell), I went out there on information received that things were not as they might be. When I got to Alexandria I had a letter put before me, in which Mr. Brown says, "that for various reasons, his managers leaving him, and one thing and another, he will have to suspend payment for the time being, and that he thinks it impossible to carry on his business, and one of the reasons he gives is the impossibility of finding an honest man in the country, and so on." That is how I found the position when I got to Alexandria. The letter was dated 3rd May, 1907.

Then I went immediately into the question with Mr. Brown with regard to our accounts, and the stock we had in the country, and I asked Mr. Brown to let me know how that stood. After several days, I found that out of about £1,000 stock only about £100 remained unsold, and of this we had no advice or cash. Then I went on to our outstanding accounts in the country, which Mr. Brown collected as our agent, we paying him commission: and I found that a large number of these accounts had been collected and the money had not been remitted home, and the major portion of the remainder was covered by Bills drawn on R. Brown and Co.'s forms. There were Bills which we had drawn on him falling due at an early date, and I found there was no likelihood of their being met at due date. This was at the beginning of May.

Then Messrs. Rylands' representative arrived, and also Mr. Compton, and their cases I believe are identical with ours.

Mr. Brown promised us to make a statement of his affairs at the end of that week. His statement when presented showed liabilities, £30,000, and assets £28,000. But that statement was of very little use as it was found to be not at all correct, and made up to March 30th only.

We three—Mr. Southworth, Mr. Compton and myself—then formed ourselves into a Committee of Inspection to protect the interest of the creditors, and went to Cairo to inspect the stock and check it. Needless to say we did not find it correct. Finding it was useless to rely upon Mr. Brown to give us any true idea of his affairs, we consulted Messrs. Russell, Kerr and Wyatt, of Alexandria, Chartered Accountants, and asked them to examine Mr. Brown's books and prepare a statement of affairs showing the position up to 20th May, 1907. The report has not reached us yet. Mr. Kerr told me it would take at least four to six weeks, i.e., may be finished by the end of next week.

We thought, however, instead of waiting for this report, that it was very necessary that the assets should be secured; we have absolutely no control over Mr. Brown at the present time, and we think it is very necessary that

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C. BRANDAUER & CO'S

LIMITED.

Circular

Pointed

PENS.

+



This Series of Pens

write as smoothly

as a Lead Pencil

Neither Scratch

nor Spur, the points

being rounded by a special

process.

Attention is also drawn to their Patent

Anti-Blotting Pens.

Assorted Sample Box for seven stamp from the

WORKS, BIRMINGHAM.

SALE BY TENDER.

Tenders are invited for the purchase of the Steel screw Steamer

"OLIVEMOOR".

Gross tonnage 2743 tons, nett 1728, 237 N.H.P. Built in 1906 by J. Blumer &

Company of Sunderland as now lying at Alexandria in damaged condition after stranding.

The steamer can be inspected by intending purchasers on application to Mr. F. H.

Manley, Lloyd's Agent at Alexandria.

Intending purchasers must satisfy themselves as to the condition of the steamer and tenders should be promptly sent to.

S1362-6-1

JOSEPH LOWREY,

Secretary Salvage Association,

19, Bircham Lane, London, (England).

somebody should be put into a position to control the business over there, and, therefore on behalf of the committee I have called this meeting, and ask you to consent to the appointment of a liquidator.

Mr. Rowes was then asked if any other creditor had taken possession of their goods, and replied that to his knowledge they had not. Messrs. Rylands took possession about the 22nd May.

The Chairman said that so far as he understood the matter, Messrs. Rylands' goods were there without any charge on them, and he believed they had every justification for their action; but he expressed no opinion on the subject, except to assure them that Messrs. Rylands would undoubtedly do what was right.

The Solicitor of Egyptian Investment and Agency, Ltd.—Mr. Leveaux—said that Mr. Kerr had already refused to obtain a Deed of Assignment, and it was highly necessary for the creditors to appoint somebody to represent them.

It was then proposed that the meeting should be adjourned until the accounts from the auditors had come to hand. Mr. Compton said that while these matters were being discussed some provisional arrangements should be made, and suggested that the Meeting should empower the Egyptian Investment and Agency to protect the interests of the creditors.

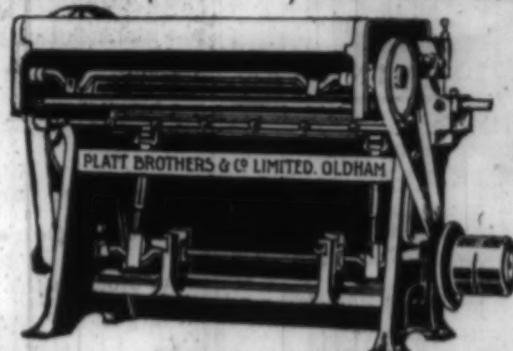
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Messrs. Rylands then agreed to submit the question of their retaining their stock as mentioned above to arbitration, granted that they approved of the arbitrator or counsel employed for the purpose.

It was then proposed by Mr. Compton, and seconded by Mr. Hoskins, that the Deed of Assignment as drawn, appointing the Egyptian Investment and Agency as Liquidators, be approved, subject to amendment by Messrs. Rylands' Solicitors, and Messrs. Morgan, Crossley and Co.'s Solicitors, and Mr. Leveaux the Egyptian Investment and Agency Co.'s Solicitor—on

PLATT BROTHERS & CO LIMITED OLDHAM, ENGLAND

Makers of Ginning Machinery for all kinds of cotton



Patent self-feeding, Single Action
MACARTHY COTTON GIN for Power

SOLE AGENTS FOR EGYPT & SUDAN
ALLEN ALDERSONG & CO LIMITED ALEXANDRIA

AGENT IN CAIRO. A FATTUCCI
AGENTS IN KHARTOUM. BERTELLI PIATTI & CO

Shallow-Draught
STEAMERS.
Dredgers, Koppers
TUGS.
LIGHTERS,
MOTOR-VESSELS.

Our Representative pays
Annual Visits to Egypt.

G. RENNIE & Co., Engineers & Shipbuilders,
THAMES STREET,
GREENWICH, LONDON.



PROTECTION
AGAINST
FIRE
THE UNDERWRITERS' FIRE
EXTINGUISHER.

Over One Thousand now in use
in Egypt and the Sudan.

SIMPLICITY
RELIABILITY
EFFICACY

WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED CIRCULARS
AND FULL PARTICULARS

Sole Agents:

THOS. HINSHELWOOD & CO., LIMITED.
ALEXANDRIA.

NOLIS

| | 1/2 | 1/4 |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|
| Oleagineux | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Tourteaux | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Graines de coton | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Oignons | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| | — | — |
| LONDRES | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Oleagineux | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Tourteaux | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Graines de coton | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Oignons | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| | — | — |
| PORTS D'ESPAGNE | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Oleagineux | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Tourteaux | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Graines de coton | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Oignons | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| | — | — |
| LIVERPOOL | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Oleagineux | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Tourteaux | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Graines de coton | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Oignons | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| | — | — |
| MARSEILLE | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Oleagineux | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Tourteaux | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Graines de coton | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Oignons | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| | — | — |
| DESTINATIONS D'ESPAGNE | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Oleagineux | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Barcelone | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Le Havre | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Dunkerque | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Ajaccio | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Hambourg | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| St. Petersbourg | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| New York | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| Bombay | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| | — | — |
| Alexandrie, le 21 novembre 1907. | — | — |

PRIMES DES CONTRATS

| | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Olivier | Ed. Janvier P.T. 10/- — & 11 1/4 |
| Gr. de soja | For. Mars. 2 1/2 — — — |
| Olivier | Ed. Janvier P.T. 20/- — & 22 1/2 |
| Gr. de soja | For. Mars. 5 — — — |
| Olivier | Ed. Janvier P.T. 7 1/2 — — — |
| Gr. de soja | For. Mars. 1 1/4 — — — |

New Khedivial Hotel,

Cairo
Military Family Hotel, Built in 1898, near the Railway Station
Electric Light, 1,000.
Reserve arrangements up to date. Open all the year round.
Special terms for Government officials and Army of Occupation
1906-07-08-09.

This Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The Subscription List will be opened at the Company's Office, 20 Rue Cherif Pacha, Alexandria on Monday 25th November 1907, and closed on the same day at 8 p.m.

NEW LAND COMPANY OF EGYPT AND SUDAN, LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Companies Acts 1862 to 1900).

Capital ... £200,000.

Divided into 200,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each.

With power to increase the Capital from time to time by the creation of new Shares of such an amount as may be deemed expedient, not exceeding, with the original Capital, £3,000,000.

ISSUE OF 200,000 ORDINARY SHARES,

67,000 of which are now offered for subscription at par, payable 2/- per Share upon Application, and 3/- per Share one month after the date of Allotment and the balance in Calls of 5/- each as when required.

THERE ARE NO PREFERENCE OR FOUNDERS SHARES.

Directors

AMBROSE A. RALLI, Merchant, Alexandria, (Chairman).
DEMOTHENES TAMBACOPOULOS, Bank Manager, Alexandria.
STANLEY DORLING, Managing Director Egyptian Constructions, Ltd, Alexandria.
GREGOIRE G. DROSSOS, Merchant, Alexandria.
ALFRED CITTI, Alexandria, (Managing Director)

Bankers

BANQUE D'ORIENT, Alexandria.

Legal Advisor

D. DEMETRIADES, Advocate, 9 Rue Egline Dabbane, Alexandria.

Auditor

JAMES HEWAT, Alexandria.

Secretary and Registered Office

REGINALD CYRUS WATSON, 30, Bedford Row, London, W.C.

Local Secretary and Offices

ADOLPHE ABBOTT, 20 Rue Cherif Pacha, Alexandria.

PROSPECTUS.

This Company has been formed for the purposes set out in its Memorandum of Association, to carry on business in Egypt and the Sudan and elsewhere, and more particularly to acquire the properties and building land hereinbefore mentioned situated in Alexandria and suburbs, the property of Messrs Gregoire G. Drossos and Elie Protopapas of Alexandria, and with a view thereto to adopt and carry into effect, with or without modification the Agreements referred to in Clause 8 of the Company's Articles of Association and to develop, hold, sell, let or otherwise dispose of and deal with the said properties and lands, and also more especially erect, lay down or construct on the said properties, houses, or villas, upon the instalment or amortisation system.

The purchase price for the sale of the said properties has been fixed by the undermentioned Agreement at £196,925. 5. 5.

The Vendors have agreed to pay the preliminary expenses of the Company down to the first general allotment of shares, such preliminary expenses are fixed at £5,000.

The amount payable to the Vendors on the above price, namely, £196,925. 5. 5 will be £196,925. 5. 5 altogether, and will be paid and satisfied as to £18,000 by the allotment of 78,000 shares fully paid up in the Company and the balance £18,925. 5. 5 in cash.

The Vendors have agreed in consideration of the said balance of £18,925. 5. 5 payable in cash, to subscribe in public subscription 53,925 Shares in the Company and to accept the whole or any less part of such shares.

The Vendors have also agreed to deposit with the Company the 78,000 fully paid up shares which are allotted to them as part of the purchase price, to the intent that the said 78,000 shares shall not be sold or dealt with by them during the period of two years from the date upon which the Company shall be entitled to commence business. The Vendors having nevertheless the option, with the consent of the Directors of withdrawing after the expiration of one year from the date upon which the Company shall be entitled to commence business, one half of the said shares, that is to say 38,500 shares, leaving the remaining 38,500 in the hands of the Company for one more year.

The whole of the purchase consideration, namely £196,925. 5. 5 to be paid to the Vendors partly in fully paid up shares and partly in cash, and £10,000. 16. 11 to the charges with which the said properties are encumbered represents the agreed value of the purchase of the said lands and properties.

The Company has secured the services of Mr. Alfred Citti as its Managing Director for a period of five years.

The following is given in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1900.

The provisions of the Articles of Association as to the remuneration of the Directors are as follows:

88. The qualification of a Director shall be the holding of shares in the Company of the nominal value of £500.

89. For his services as a Director, the Chairman shall receive remuneration at the rate of £250 per annum, and the other Directors shall each receive remuneration at the rate of £200 per annum, and if and when the capital of the Company is increased as provided by clause 49 before the remuneration of the Directors may, from time to time, be increased by the Company in General Meeting. In addition to the said fixed remuneration there shall be divided between the Directors in such manner as they may determine a sum equal to 10 per cent on the profits certified by the Auditors of the Company to have been made in each year and remaining after setting aside a sum sufficient to provide a Dividend of 5 per cent, upon the amount paid up or credited as paid up on the Ordinary Shares for the time being and also after paying to the Ordinary Reserve Fund 10 per cent of the profits remaining, after deducting the before-mentioned sum, and also after paying to a special reserve fund such sum if any, as the Directors may determine according to the provisions of Clause 116 hereof.

119. If any Director, being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra service, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, or otherwise, for any of the purposes of the Company, or act as trustee for the Company or its Debenture Holders, and shall do so, the Company may remunerate such Director, either by a fixed sum or by a percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for his remuneration above provided.

The following contracts have been entered into:

An Agreement dated the 17th day of July 1907 between Messrs. Gregoire G. Drossos and Elie Protopapas of the first part, and Adolphe Abbott of the second part, whereby the said Gregoire G. Drossos and Elie Protopapas agreed to sell to the Company the following properties and all the rights and privileges appertaining thereto and the benefit of all contracts and engagements in respect thereof now vested in the parties of the first part in the said agreement, at the various prices mentioned, making a total price of £196,925. 5. 5, this sum being inclusive, of all charges of the properties.

(a) At Helmiat : A property situated at Alexandria, Rue du Palais 5, having an area of 65,656.—88/00 square pies. (b) Moustaffah : A property situated at Alexandria, rue du Palais 5, having an area of 27,866.—78/00 square pies. (c) Cleopatra : A property situated between Ibrahimish and Shil Gable, suburb of Alexandria having an area of 99,920 square pies. (d) Abu Nawafat : A property situated at Ramleh in the Zabriah quarter, having an area of 30,448 square pies. (e) Halta No. 9 : A property situated at Ramleh, suburb of Alexandria, having an area of 28,449 square pies. (f) Blouf : A property situated at Blouf, suburb of Alexandria, having an area of 119,020 square pies. (g) Dokhela : A property situated at Dokhela, suburb of Alexandria, having an area of 14,576.—88/00 square pies.

And whereby the parties of the first part agree to advance to the Company in the event of the funds of the Company not being sufficient, an amount sufficient to pay off the charges on the funds of the said properties which amount to the sum of £10,000. 16. 11.

And whereby it is agreed that the price of £196,925. 5. 5 after deduction of the amount of the charges, that is to say £18,925. 5. 5, shall be paid and satisfied as follows : The sum of £53,925. 5. 5 shall be paid in cash. The balance of £78,000 shall be satisfied by the allotment of 78,000 fully paid Ordinary Shares of one pound each in the Company.

And whereby the parties of the first part undertake to subscribe for £58,925 shares in the Company at the public subscription and to accept the whole or any less part of such shares.

And whereby the parties of the first part undertake to leave the 78,000 shares allotted to them as part of the purchase price in the hands of the Company for a period of at least one year, and £8,500 of such shares for a period of at least 2 years after the Company shall be entitled to commence business.

And whereby the parties of the first part agree that dividends upon the 78,000 shares shall be paid to them upon the same basis as they shall be paid upon other Shares in the Company.

And whereby the parties of the first part undertake to do everything necessary to transfer all the properties subject of the contract, to the Company, and to pay all fees and expenses payable to the Government up to the date of such transfer. And to advance sufficient cash to pay the preliminary expenses and professional fees incident to the formation of the Company up to the date of the incorporation thereof, but the Company shall also repay to them all law and professional charges, registration fees, and all other expenses above-mentioned.

An agreement dated the 15th April 1907 between the Company and Mr. Alfred Citti providing for the appointment of the latter as Managing Director of the Company for a period of five years and providing for his remuneration as such.

GENERAL.

The amount fixed by the Articles as the minimum upon which the Directors may proceed to allotment is £5,000.

The preliminary expenses payable by the Company are estimated at £3,000.

By the Articles, the Directors by resolution of the Board and the Company in General Meeting may from time to time increase the Capital by the creation of new shares of such amount as may be deemed expedient, not exceeding with the original Capital £2,000,000.

A copy of the Memorandum which forms part of this Prospectus is endorsed heron.

Applications for Shares should be made on the accompanying form, and forwarded with a cheque for the amount payable on application to the Company's Office.

If no Allotment is made the application money will be returned in full, and where the number of Shares allotted is less than that applied for, the surplus will be credited in reduction of the amount payable on allotment, and any excess will be returned to the applicant.

Failure to pay any instalment when due will render the previous payments liable to be forfeited.

The above-mentioned Contracts or copies thereof, together with a print of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association, may be inspected at the offices of the Company in Alexandria, No. 20 Rue Cherif Pacha.

Copies of the Prospectus and Application Form can be obtained at the offices of the Company.

Dated this 15th day of November 1907.

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